## **USN**

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January 2013 Field Theory

Max. Marks:100 Time: 3 hrs.

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

- A ii) Electric field intensity Gauss law. Define the following: i) Coulomb's law iii) 1 (06 Marks)
  - (06 Marks) b. State the prove divergence theorem.
  - c. Let  $\vec{D} = 5r^2 a_r \text{ mc} / \text{mt}^2 \text{ for } r < 0.08 \text{mt}$ and  $\vec{D} = \frac{0.1}{r^2} a_r \text{ mc/mt}^2$  for r > 0.08 mt. Find  $\rho_v$  for i) r = 0.06 mt ii) r = 0.1 mt. (08 Marks)
- An electric potential is given by  $V = \frac{60 \sin \theta}{r^2}$ . Find v and  $\vec{E}$  at  $(3, 60^0, 25^0)$ . (08 Marks) 2
  - (06 Marks) b. Derive the integral and point form of continuity equation.
  - Derive the boundary conditions for perfect dielectric materials of permittivities  $\mathcal{E}_1$  and  $\mathcal{E}_2$ . (06 Marks)
- Obtain Poisson's and Laplace's equations from Maxwell's first equation. (06 Marks) 3
  - Verify that the potential field given below satisfy Laplace's equation. (06 Marks)  $V = 2x^2 - 3y^2 + z^2$ .
  - c. Derive the expression for capacitance of a co axial cable using Laplace's equation. (08 Marks)
- a. State and explain Biot Savart law. Using this, find the magnetic flux density at the centre 4 (08 Marks) of a circular loop of radius 'a' mt.
  - b. Magnetic field intensity in free space is  $\vec{H} = 10\rho^2 a_{\phi} A/mt$ . Determine i)  $\vec{J}$ ii) Integrate over the circular surface  $\rho=1\,mt$  all  $\phi$  and Z=0. (06 Marks)
  - (06 Marks) Explain scalar and vector magnetic potentials.

PART - B

- a. Derive the equation for magnetic force between two differential current elements. (06 Marks) 5
  - b. Given the ferrite material which is to be operating in a linear mode with  $\vec{B} = 0.05T$  and  $\mu_R$  = 50. Calculate the values for  $\chi m,~\vec{M}~$  and  $\vec{H}$  .
  - c. Define self inductance. Find the same of a Solenoid with air core has 200 turns and a length of 60cm core with radius 3cm. Derive the formula used. (08 Marks)
- a. Derive the Maxwell's equation in point form as derived from Faraday's law. (06 Marks) 6
  - b. Determine the frequency at which conduction current density and displacement current density are equal in a medium with  $\sigma = 2 \times 10^{-4}$  S/mt and  $\varepsilon_r = 81$ . (06 Marks)
  - c. List the Maxwell's equation in differential and integral form as applied to time varying (08 Marks) fields.

- 7 a. Discuss the uniform plane wave propagation in a good conducting medium. (06 Marks)
  - b. A 9375 MHz uniform plane wave is propagating in polystyrene (μ<sub>r</sub> = 1, €<sub>r</sub> = 2.56). If the amplitude of electric field intensity is 20V/mt and the material is assumed to be lossless. Find i) Phase constant ii) Wavelength iii) Velocity of propagation iv) Intrinsic impedance v) Magnetic field intensity.
  - c. State and explain Poynting theorem.

(04 Marks)

- 8 a. Define Standing wave ratio (SWR). Find the value of SWR when reflection co-efficient ( $\Gamma$ ) =  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ . (04 Marks)
  - b. Derive the expressions for transmission co efficient and reflection co efficient. (08 Marks)
  - c. Determine the reflection co efficient and transmission co efficient for a wave traveling in air and incident on a dielectric medium with  $\mu = \mu_0$  and  $\varepsilon_r = 4$ . Also find out average incident, reflected and transmitted powers. Show that average power is conserved. (08 Marks)

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